

AE/ELPH/HBTC 29 October 1999

Dr J Wilde Consultant Haematologist University Hospital Birmingham Queen Elizabeth Hospital Edgbaston

Dear Jonathan

I enclose the Minutes of the Hospital Transfusion Committee Meeting on Tuesday 19 October. I would be grateful if you could read the enclosed and let me know your comments and whether there is anything else you would like me to include.

Yours sincerely

GRO-C

Allen Edwards MCh FRCS
Chair - Hospital Transfusion Committee



Jonatha Vildes

AGENDA

HOSPITAL TRANSFUSION COMMITTEE MEETING

Tuesday 19 October 1999

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- 2. Minutes of previous meeting.
- 3. Terms of references.
- 4. Policy for administration of blood products (Rachel Rowe).
- 5. Octaplas. Lix of preference gfs.
- 6. SHOT/serious incident reporting (Dominique Wright).
- 7. Maximum surgical blood ordering schedule.
- 8. Any other business.



UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL BIRMINGHAM NHS TRUST

MINUTES OF HOSPITAL TRANSFUSION COMMITTEE MEETING

Tuesday 19 October 1999

VENUE

Undergraduate Centre, Selly Oak Hospital

PRESENT

Allen Edwards - Chair Dr Heidi Doughty Dr Jonathan Wilde

Dr Mav Manji Miss Rachel Rowe Miss Dominique Wright

Haematology SPR

APOLOGIES

Mr Steve Potter

1. Introductions and Composition of Hospital Transfusion Committee

All the members were introduced and the composition of the Committee agreed. It was also agreed that local experts would be co-opted on an ad hoc basis. Miss Dominique Wright informed us that she would be leaving at the end of the month, but her place would be taken by Miss Siobhan Heathfield, who has ITU nursing background.

2. Minutes of Previous Meeting

These were agreed.

3. Terms of Reference

Dr Heidi Doughty informed us that the terms of reference as set out in the RCP document were not, in fact, the Trust terms of reference. These are with Mr Andy Reid.

ACTION POINT: ATE to write to Andy Reid to obtain formal terms of reference and present at next meeting.

We were informed that the new terms of reference contain specific references for risk management and clinical governance.

4. Policy for Administration of Blood Products

Rachel Rowe presented a document for the administration of blood products within the Trust. We need to have this document in place by April 2000. The document has been circulated to all senior nurses within the Trust and their suggestions are being incorporated within the document. A number of issues were raised at the Transfusion Committee and Miss Rowe will include these in the final document.

ACTION POINT: Rachel Rowe to prepare final document by next meeting.

A number of specific points were raised during the discussion of the administration of blood products, namely the storage of blood in Theatre at Selly Oak. Currently, blood is stored in the Transfusion Room which is located between Theatres and Intensive Care. Dr Mav Manji informed us that although the unit is next to Theatres, it would improve the situation if a specific area was identified in Theatre.

ACTION POINT: ATE to write to David Rosser regarding problem.

The problem has been identified with cool boxes for transporting blood. As a general feeling, the number of cool boxes appear to have disappeared and a number of reasons were put forward for this. The haematology SPR who attended the committee meeting is going to identify how many boxes were bought and how many are still in existence.

ACTION POINT: SPR to present data at next meeting.

The issue of informed consent for transfusion was also raised and Dominique Wright suggested that although we do not have a formal consent form for blood transfusion, people should be encouraged to document in the notes that a patient has given verbal consent.

ACTION POINT: Committee to consider ways in which junior staff can be educated on this matter.

There was also an issue related to the use of microfilters for blood transfusion. Blood is currently filtered at the laboratory level and therefore filters may be unnecessary in clinical areas. This may represent a potential saving for the Trust.

ACTION POINT: Dr Mav Manji to review situation and formulate recommendations to the Committee by next meeting.

Octaplas

The document prepared by Dr Heidi Doughty was considered. This lays out current use of standard FFP within the Trust and outlines the cost pressure of £600,000 per year if we were to change over to solvent-treated FFP. The risk of transfusion infection appears to be extremely low, but all this needs to be weighed against the possible risk of litigation if such an infection were to occur. It was the general feeling of the committee that we should not recommend Octaplas for general use, but that we should offer it to specific patient groups. ACTION POINT: Dr Doughty and Dr Wilde to prepare a list of high risk patient groups for discussion at next meeting.

6. SHOT Serious Incident Reporting

Dominique Wright highlighted the problems with identifying serious incidents related to the Transfusion Service. She is going to arrange for all transfusion related matters to be recorded under a suitable heading with suitable subheadings to make data retrieval easier. It was agreed that the Serious Incident Report should be a permanent agenda item and Dominique Wright or her successor would identify recurring themes within these incidents. Dr Doughty outlined the SHOT reporting system and she will circulate committee members with all the SHOT incidents at the next meeting. Particular problems discussed were portering, Jehovah's Witnesses and incorrect labelling of transfusion request forms and bottles.

7. Maximum Surgical Blood Ordering Schedule

Dr Doughty highlighted the problem with inconsistent requesting of blood within the Trust. She informed us that other trusts have policies in place to guide junior staff in their ordering schedules. She also outlined some of the problems that we may encounter in getting clinicians to agree to such a schedule. ACTION POINT: Dr Doughty and ATE to meet and agree maximum blood ordering requirements for commonly performed procedures and then circulate the relevant clinical specialities and ask for their comments, preferably within a two week timeframe. These schedules then to be available to clinical and laboratory staff to prevent wastage of blood products.

8. Any Other Business

Dr Manji raised the problems associated with the laboratory service at Selly Oak out of hours. Unfortunately, there is only anecdotal evidence of deficiencies in the service and he has agreed to document all incidents and present this at the next meeting. If there is good documented evidence of failure of the service on the Selly Oak site, then the Committee can approach the laboratory service to try and improve the situation.

Date of Next Meeting

Tuesday 30 November 1999 at 5.00 pm in the Undergraduate Centre, Selly Oak Hospital.

CLINICAL LABORATORY SERVICES

Contact: Jacqueline Roper, Lead BMS Haematology Department,
Deputy Services Manager for Biochemistry/Haematology.
Queen Elizabeth Hospital
Tel: 0121 627 2475 Fax: 0121 414 1041

Re: blood availability out of hours on the Selly Oak site.

The service provision is as follows:

1. Weekdays.

- There is MLSO cover on site from 0900hrs to 2000hrs.
- 2000hrs to 2200hrs cover is provided from the QE site, however, one of the team there can be called across in the event of a trauma alert or circumstance that requires blood in less than 2 hours.
- 2200hrs to 0900hrs is covered on an on-call basis by an MLSO from home. Call
 outs should be for trauma alerts or circumstances that require blood in less than 2
 hours.

2. Weekends and bank holidays.

- There is MLSO cover on site from 0900hrs to 2200hrs.
- 2200hrs to 0900hrs is covered on an on-call basis by an MLSO from home. Call
 outs should be for trauma alerts or circumstances that require blood in less than 2
 hours.

If blood is not required within 2 hours then the request should be directed to the QE site where an MLSO is on site from 2000hrs to 0800hrs every night of the year.

Should blood be requested for SOH from QE, please inform the MLSO that the sample is on its way and the time frame within which you want the blood as this will help them to prioritise their workload.

Blood Issues April 1999 - September 1999

Number Details

- 330 pt's blood sample delivered by porters to haematology but the unit denied having received any sample for this particular pt.
- Or in itu said that the results would have been verbally reported. 2001 blood transfusion record and microbiology report of pt in QEH ttu sent to risk dept.
- 4766 blood sample taken for urgent analysis at 22:00 but still at porters lodge 2 hours later.
- 5008 Rang porters to ask for a unit of blook explained it would be labelled differently and that it had no paperwork with it. No blood appeared on the 2nd phone call. The blood bank then phoned and said the blood was still down there I explained the problem I was having with porters. They then came up with the blood 4hrs later after requesting.
 - 5440 blood sample arranged to be collected at 15:00 hrs. At 19:30, nurse phoned blood bank to check if blood was ready, but discovered sample had not been collected from MIL
- 5441 unit of FFP brought up to unit by sister in charge of hospital. The donor unit number on the rad and white form was found to differ from the bar code number on the bag liself. Nurse phoned haematologist on call who advised not to give unit of FFP and to send back to blood bank at SOH in the moming. Unit was not given,
- 5448 Blood ordered via porters in emergency 2 further phone calls 15 20 minutes later for blood to arrive.
- 5476 soh awalting urgent blood samples, but did not antve until after 20:00 hrs, despite porters being informed of urgant delivery needed.
- 5559 confusion over correct procedure for collecting FFP.
- pl prescribed 2 units of blood which the porters collected from blood bank, blood arrived and has x match on numbers still there has no corresponding no with the pl no record in the notes phoned registration and A & E no corresponded with unit no on the registration computer 5574
- pl required a unit of FFP the bags are labelled in the blood bank. Porters called to collect it porter refused to collect it reporting he had been told not to despite discussions portering staff negatiations to allow porters to collect. Night sister called out to collect. 5577
- 6445 pts blood taken to porters to be transported sample didn't antve till 2hrs detaying pts treatment not satisfactory.
- 3rd unit of blood was sent for to be commenced 2 other units had been given by night staff. Hos reg no lin notes casu no did not match the nos reg no either cross match form either for the 2 units given as the 3rd unit sent for but not given. Blood bank contacted she said give blood not happy against hos policy. Sister contacted who came and agreed not to given blood. 6867
- specimen was requested + on contacting Blochem I was informed that the 1st specimen had not arrived. Contacted porters 20.30 to request an urgent pick up. Specimen still on nozu 21.00 porters informed me not as a speciment to a speciment to a speciment of the 1st at 22.03 hrs I feet the pt could have been compromised by the fate delivery of the 1st pt currently undergoing intermittant dialysis. Blood sample taken due to increasing potassium. Both porters + biochemistry contacted at 19,15 + informed of urgent nature of the specimen. At 20,15 a 2nd spec + late pick up of 2nd 6902
- 8110 RICOR following commencement of blood transfusion. Temperature up, shaking/shivering, followed by flushing. See attached SHOT form.
- 8781 x5 urgent blood samples awaiting collection finally collected after 3 further calls sr for hos informed
- 8793. Checked 2 units of fip needed urgently checked pts name number and group against the blood form and the pt however we did not have the right form with the fip unit numbers on and did not realise at the lime until or asked where the form was
- 8885 possible blood transfusion reacted to stu unit of blood Haematology dept & medical staff countacted + hospital procedure followed + liased Haematology drs.
- 9393 blood results received did not relate to pt numbers. Matter investigated and resolved.
- 10125 delay in transportation of blood sample. Sample delayed at porters desk from 14.00 until 18:00 tvs

WITN4460008 0013

Number Details

- 10126 delay in picking up blood specimen from ward
- 10150 bag of blood delivered to ward by portering staff bag appeared intact on handling bag noted blood leaked onto hands after contact. Leak appeared to be from sampling tube.
 - 11372 pt given 2 different v numbers as registered on Ward and ITU for transplant. Confusion caused over blood results.
- 11533 Ward came to give a unit of blood and discovered it had a haematology lab no which could not be indentified with the pt. The date of birth although matching that in the pts notes was dispoted by the pt. Blood not given Dr and blood bank informed of the problem not used as it was not possible to establish how long it had been out of refrigeration.
- 11875 Doctor came to ward to change ratio of patients heparin pump- telephoned biochemistry for the blood results but was told no sample had been received. Sample box checked and the blood was still there dr had taken the blood and tele the porters the blood has to be taken to the labs as an emerg as the results were needed to plan the correct care for the patient.
 - 14587 pt arrived in holding bay to be told that no blood available, because the blood match required was at QEH blood bank, and could not be ready until following morning. Pt had to be returned to ward, wasting theatre time and causing pt discomfort and distress.

14589 ward nurse removed blood bank copy of blood form from book. Therefore there was nothing to check against as per protocol when fetching blood, so had to check to see if any blood was crossmatched at all.

- 14590 pt for hemiarthropiasty group+ saved at QEH. Delay for available blood too great. Retumed to ward from anaes room. Awailing blood at SOH
- 17151 11 pt samples left for collection at porters desk at 1700 did not arrive in bloodbank (for repeat lesting to check results.) untit 0910am presume left at room temp all night- a delay of 16hrs to deliver samples in unacceptable routine collection of late blood before 1800 these samples were missed.
 - 21008 2 boxes of blood sent 1 box containing 7 x matches & 20 units of blood left at room temp only discovered when Roh phoned quering location blood returned to QE for disposal
- 21303 Transport driver reported that bloods from the HIV clinic had been carried to a specimen reception point within a metal carrier but then tipped them out into a plastic bag containing other lower risk specimens - Investigate procedure for carrying high risk specimen and modify procedure necessary.
- 24455 specimens not collected from porter's desk left overnight. Pt's to be recalled for repeat blood tests. Situation repeated following night as well.

SHOT SUBMISSIONS April 1998- Oct1999

Z 2 5 0	Component	Category	<u> </u>	Outcome
\$		Jehovahs Witness	8	6 9
,				Review documentation
***************************************	Red cels	Ž	TU, Ventilation 24hrs	Donors withdrawn
				Seff couration
**************************************	Cryoprecipitate	Wrong component	Zona	
,	3	;		
				laboratory
4 000	ŋ	2 legic complement	Circulatory support	Pemed before further
				T
				Exclude Anti-IgA
Zeat Tiss	<u> </u>	Wong Patient bled	Junior doctor	Lab staff compared
•				HO advised
522	S. C.	Ž	TU, Ventilatoy	Greator awareness
	000000		S TOPOTA	amongst anaesthetic
				Staff
3 2	700 CO	Brood to wrong	None (Group O blood	Investigated by
		patient, wong blood	to group A patient)	cardiac staff.
		000000000000000000000000000000000000000		Stop unecessary
				tansfusions at night
		procedure		Education by R. Rowe
008110	700 CO CO	Catheter sepsis	Daith	88
<u> </u>	Ţ	2	Dexamethasone	dentify donors