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For the attention of Dr. J. Purves,  
Superintendent Pharmaceutical Officer

Your ref

Our ref CDS/ER/177

Date 13 November 1989

Dear Dr. Purves,

**PRODUCT LICENCE APPLICATION 0010/0163 : KOATE HS**  
**ADVERSE EVENTS REPORTED IN CONNECTION WITH KOATE HS**

Please find attached summaries of a cluster of adverse events, namely seven cases of hepatitis, which were reported from Japan where Koate HS is a marketed product. The delay in reporting these events is due to subsequent investigations aimed at ascertaining the source of infection.

As a result of these adverse events, Cutter Biological voluntarily recalled five batches, namely lot numbers (i) 60F009, (ii) 60F036, (iii) 60F038, (iv) 60F006, (v) 60F034. As noted in the attached conclusion, it has not proven possible to implicate any one product or any one lot as the source of infection.

The occurrence of these events resulted in an FDA inspection of Cutter's Berkeley manufacturing site. A summary of the inspector's observations together with Cutter Biological's responses are also attached for your information.

Yours faithfully,

GRO-C

Craig D. Simpson  
SENIOR REGISTRATION OFFICER

cc: Dr. R. Wheywell  
Dr. G. Macdonald

PRODUCT LICENCE APPLICATION 0010/0163 : KOATE HS

SAFETY UPDATE : ADVERSE EVENTS IN JAPAN

SUMMARY

Thus far in 1989, seven subjects with haemophilia A who had been receiving Koate HS developed hepatitis B.

6/7 subjects received Koate HS lot 60F036  
5/7 subjects received Koate HS lot 60F038  
4/7 subjects received Koate HS lot 60F009  
1/7 subjects received Koate HS lot 60F006  
5/7 subjects received Conco-eight HT (Green Cross)  
1/7 subjects received Koate HT

The lot numbers for Conco-eight were not recorded except on one occasion. Thus, a cluster evaluation was not possible. The immune status of the subjects is not available.

On the evidence available, it is not possible in any case to implicate any one product or any one lot. Neither is it possible to determine whether these are new infections, re-infections, or reactivations.

Lot 60F024 shared a partial pool with lot 60F036 and was also voluntarily withdrawn. There have not, however, been any problems reported with lot 60F034.

<u>Case Number/Details</u>	<u>Center</u>	<u>Product Used</u>	<u>Type of Heating</u>	<u>Dose Given Units</u>	<u>Date Given</u>	<u>Lot Number</u>	<u>Laboratory Tests</u>	<u>Date of Sample MM/DD/YY</u>	<u>Comments</u>
I Severe hemophilia A 13 years	?	Conco-eight (Green Cross Alpha)	Dry	600	11-24-88	?	Negative	2-1-89	
		Koate-HS (Cutter)	Wet	500 14,250 1,000 1,000 10,000	12-19-88 ) 12-23 to 29/88 ) 1-10-89 ) 1-18-89 ) 1-23 to 30/89 )	60F036 and 60F038	Raised enzymes Positive HBsAg HBeAg HBeAb HBcAb (IgM) HBcAb	3-13-89 3-20-89	HBsAg and HBsAb negative by 4-10-89

Comment:

Hepatitis B exposure probably during November or December 1988. No family history or other route of exposure elicited. Thus both Conco-eight or Koate-HS suspect. Exposed to two lots of Koate-HS and only one lot of Conco-eight. However dry heating is less effective than pasteurization. No details of treatment prior to November could be obtained and no information on the lot number of Conco-eight used. Therefore evidence inconclusive.

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2 Severe hemophilia A 1 year old	?	Conco-eight Green Cross (Alpha)	Dry	250 U Twice per week	12-87 to 12-88	L 135 L 138 L 140	Negative HBsAg Borderline HBsAb Elevated enzymes	11-26-88	
		Cutter Koate-HS	Wet	250 U Twice per week	Started 12-24-88	60F009 60F036 60F038	Positive HBsAg	4-8-89	Positive serology including HBcAb 4/12/89

Comment

Patient probably exposed to hepatitis about October/November 1988 (prior to first usage of Koate-HS). Thus based upon laboratory data Conco-eight is the more probable source of infection, but this cannot be confirmed absolutely.

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3 Severe hemophilia A 4 year old	?	Conco-eight (Green Cross)	Dry	250 U twice per week	9-87 to 6-4-88	?	NANB hepatitis	5-24-88	
		Koate-HT	Dry	250 U twice per week	6-4-88 to 9-27-88				March 1989 Hepatitis vaccine commenced
		Koate-HS	Wet	250 U twice per week	9-27-88	60F009 60F036	Improved NANB	2-21-89	
							Positive HBsAg Positive HBcAb (IgM)		

Comment

Exposure to hepatitis B probably February/March 1989 although earlier exposure is possible with an attenuated virus transmitted by one of the dry heat treated preparations. The influence of the hepatitis B vaccine is difficult to assess. Has the possibility of transmission by the vaccine been eliminated (not as far as we can ascertain)?



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4	Sendai	?	?	?	?	?	NANB	1983	No details
		Koate-HS Cutter	Wet	5,000 U	11-14 to 11-16-88	?	Negative	8-1-88	
				3,000 U	3-20 to 3-26-89		Negative enzymes	11-11-83	
							Positive HBsAg Elevated enzymes	3-20-89	

Comment

The evidence suggests exposure at latest about December 1988 or January 1989. This subject is a severe hemophilic who must have previously received blood products or even blood, but no record is available. He had NANB hepatitis in 1983. The lot number of Koate-HS supplied by BYL on questioning is 60F006. Other possible routes of exposure could not be excluded by patient's physician. The possibility of a prolonged incubation period by an attenuated virus cannot be eliminated. No conclusion can be drawn.

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5 Severe hemophilia 3 years old	Yamaguchi	Conco-eight (Green Cross)	Dry	375 U/day	12-17-88	?	Negative	1-6-88	
		Koate-HS (Cutter)		250 U/day	12-18-88 to) 3-26-89 )	60F036 60F038	Positive HBsAg with elevated enzymes	3/7/89	
		Packed RBC		1 unit	12-17-88		Also HBcAb positive HBsAb negative		

Comment

Exposure probably early 1989/late 1988, but of course could have been as early as August 1988. Has remained HBsAg negative. Any of the infusions (blood or either Factor VIII concentrate) could have transmitted Hepatitis B. Information on Conco-eight not available.

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6	Hyogo	Conco-eight-HT (Green Cross)	Dry	298 vials	12-15-87 to 12-17-88	?			
5 years old		Koate-HS	Wet	750 U/day	12-27-88 to 6-23-89 )	60F009 60F036 60F038	Negative  HBsAb positive HBcAb positive	12-28-87  6-5-89	Never any clinical symptoms

Comment

Seroconversion appears to be complete by June 1989. The liver enzymes are normal. Hepatitis testing only performed previously in December 1987. Thus infection probably occurred between December 1987 and early 1989. No definite relationship to the coagulation factors can be confirmed.



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7 5 years old	Okinawa	Koate-HT	Dry	23 vials	1-5-88 to 8-1-88	?	Negative	7-1-88	
		Koate-HS	Wet	38 vials	8-15-88 to) 5-31-89 )	60F009 60F036 60F038	Positive HBsAg Enzymes normal	6-10-89	
							Positive HBsAg HBeAg HBeAb HBcAb Enzymes raised	7-4-89	

Comment

No positive HBsAb recorded. The possibility exists that this subject was exposed to hepatitis B through Koate-HT, although the incubation period is rather lengthy. It is unfortunate that no laboratory testing was carried out between July 1988 and June 1989.