

25 MAR 1975

ProbaKa

174
POST-TRANSFUSION HEPATITIS

Report of Case

1. Name Mrs. **GRO-A** Age 61
2. Hospital St. Peter's, Chertsey Consultant Dr. R. Vaughan Jones
3. Home Address of Patient **GRO-A** Surrey.
4. Transfused on 21st June - 23rd Oct. 19.74 at St. Peter's Hospital, Chertsey.
5. Jaundice First Noticed on 19th December 19.74 Incubation period 181 days
6. Outcome of Hepatitis: Recovery/~~Death~~ If fatal, date of death 19..
7. Transfusion Fluids Used: f3

Blood containers			Dried Plasmabottles		
Au			Au		
Bottle Nos.	A/G	A/B	Bottle Nos.	A/G	A/B
51381	NEG	NEG	27423	NEG	NEG
52046	POS		20449	NEG	NEG
52175	NEG	NEG	20346	NEG	NEG
72122	NEG	NEG	58439	NEG	NEG
72136	NEG	NEG	58474	NEG	NEG
64559	NEG	NEG	42987	NEG	NEG
27461	NEG	NEG			

8. Brief Clinical Notes: (including, if possible, conditions necessitating transfusion)
The patient suffers from sideroblastic anaemia and has been multiply transfused over the past year. Early in December she had nausea and abdominal pain and on 19th December was noticed to be slightly jaundiced. Tests for Australia antigen were negative at that time.
9. Test for Au antigen/antibody on patient: Australia antigen negative
10. Post-mortem: Yes/No. If yes, give relevant particulars
11. Remarks: eg. Your opinion on validity of diagnosis of serum hepatitis
All the donors have been re-sampled and tested and one of them, whose donation was given to the patient on 21st June, 1974, has been found to be very weakly positive by radioimmunoassay by Dr. Dane. I think it is a fair assumption that this is indeed a case of post transfusion jaundice.

Signed **GRO-C**

Regional Transfusion Director, Region SOUTH LONDON

Date 21st March, 1975.