WITN 5353004

# ANONYMOUS

AUTOPSY NO. HOSPITAL NO.

HARDY

GRO-B	
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## DEPARTMENT OF CELLULAR PATHOLOGY Northwick Park & St Marks NHS Trust

## AUTOPSY SUMMARY

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Requesting Clinician HARRIES  $\checkmark$ 

#### Date of Death

GRO-B 97

# CLINICAL SUMMARY

The deceased was admitted on GRO-B97 and died on GRO-B97. He was a known haemophiliac and in 1974 had carcinoma of the ampulla of Vater diagnosed at the Westminster Hospital. In 1989 was found to be hepatitis 3 surface antigen positive. The diagnosis of acute alveolitis was made in mid-September of this year and despite therapy there was a rapid deterioration with extensive infiltration of both lungs. He was also hepatitis C antigen positive.

Source

#### AUTOPSY SUMMARY

In view of the hepatitis C positivity only a limited autopsy was carried out to obtain lung tissue for diagnosis. On opening the pleural Cavity there were bilateral effusions and the right lung was densely adherent to the chest wall. Wedges of lung were removed from both sides and cheir cut surface showed a picture suggesting diffuse infiltration by tumour. They had the appearance of lymphangitis carcinomatosa.

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#### AUTOPSY HISTOLOGY

#### Lungs

The sections show the lung is extensively infiltrated by a bronchioloaveolar cell carcinoma.

#### Liver

The sections from the liver show occasional inflammatory cells in portal tracts. However the abnormalities are minor with no significant damage from the hepatitis virus.

#### SUMMARY

The explanation for the rapid deterioration and pulmonary abnormalities are well explained by the presence of the broncheoloaveolar carcinoma.

<u>G.P. Dr.</u>	GRO-B	le and	e.
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