

caring supporting improving together

The Liver Unit Royal Victoria Hospital 1st Floor East Wing Grosvenor Road Belfast BT12 6BA Consultants

02890

Dr Neil McDougall, Consultant Gastroenterologist/Hepatologist

or C Braniff's Secretary

Dr Ian Cadden, Consultant Hepatologist Dr Jonathan Cash, Consultant Hepatologist Dr Roger McCorry, Consultant Hepatologist

Dr Conor Braniff, Consultant Hepatologist
Tel: 02890 pr McDougall's Secretary

02890 Pr Cadden's Secretary 02890 GRO-C Pr Cash's Secretary 02890 Dr McCorry's Secretary Miss Mary Bright Mrs Teresa Gault Mrs Siobhan Miskelly Mrs Emma Chapman Ms Grainne McCartney

Hospital No: RV 84/004361 H&C No.: **GRO-A**

Date: 07/12/2018

DR L W MCNEILL CITYVIEW MED WATERSIDE HC SPENCER ROAD LONDONDERRY BT47 6AH

Dear DR MCNEILL

MR EDWARD FRANCIS CONWAY, D.O.B GRO.C 1958 GRO-C

Diagnosis:

RE:

- Chronic hepatitis C genotype 1B (awaiting treatment to commence December 2018)
- 2. Haemophilia A
- 3. Liver cirrhosis confirmed on Fibroscan 28 November 2018
- HCC screening with ultrasound and alpha fetoprotein requested through Altnagelvin Hospital (Dr Ferguson)

Thank you for speaking with me on 7 December 2018. As I explained, Belfast Trust has received a complaint from Mr Conway's sister regarding various aspects of his care. The complaint will be dealt with as swiftly as possible through the Complaints Department but there was one area that Mr Conway's sister raised that I am keen to deal with as soon as possible so that it does not cause Mr Conway any concern.

Mr Conway's sister said in her email that when I was telling Mr Conway about his diagnosis of cirrhosis I also mentioned liver cancer. She says they were left with the impression that he has a small tumour in his liver and that nothing is being done about it. This is definitely not correct and I am keen to have this corrected as soon as possible.

I told Mr Conway that he has evidence of liver cirrhosis and therefore we should enrol him in a screening programme for an ultrasound and alpha fetoprotein blood test every six months. This is because patients with liver cirrhosis are **at risk** of developing tumours within the liver. The risk is only in the region of 1% per year but it is sufficient to make screening worthwhile. I also told Mr Conway and his sister that if we do screening and find small tumours then we can consider treatments but that if the tumour is very large, treatment cannot be carried out.

I fully understand that this can be very upsetting for Mr Conway and his sister to hear about given that Mr Conway's brother died from liver cancer within the past year. However we carried out an ultrasound on the day of Mr Conway's visit (28 November 2018) and I can confirm that the ultrasound did not show any evidence of a lesion within his liver. I sent Mr Conway and his sister a copy of my clinic letter and it mentions this fact but they may have missed this.

I am very grateful to you for your assistance in helping to reassure Mr Conway and his sister that at present we do not have any evidence of a tumour in his liver.

Kind regards

Yours sincerely

Dr Neil McDougall MD FRCP (Ed)
Consultant Gastroenterologist/Hepatologist

/MGB

MR EDWARD FRANCIS CONWAY H&C: 606 013 0801