# NORTHERN IRELAND BLOOD TRANSFUSION SERVICE

# MEMORANDUM

FROM:	Dr C Bharucha, Deputy Director
то:	Dr M McClelland, Chief Executive/Medical Director
REF:	CJD Position Statement from NBA - 07/01/98
DATE:	13 January 1998

Thank you for a copy of Dr Robinson's letter to you. Two significant points of advice are:

- 1 No attempt should be made to advise individual recipients that they may have been treated with product from an infective batch.
- 2 There is no basis for assuming that individuals in receipt of therapeutic material from an implicated batch of plasma product should be considered to be in a "at risk category with respect to blood donation".

This is clearly the position statement for the NBA. Please confirm that this has been discussed and agreed with Northern Ireland Department of Health.

GRO-C

C Bharucha MB BS FRCPath



7th January 1998

Dr W M McClelland Director Northern Ireland BTS Belfast City Hospital Complex Lisburn Road Belfast BT9 7TS

# Dear Maurice

# **Re: Position Statement**

I thought you might like a copy of the curent position statement which is agreed, certainly within the NBA. Quite rightly, Terry Snape pointed out to me that we needed to put down what our current advice and position is with regards to this situation at this point in time.

This position statement was put together shortly after the incident that occurred with the withdrawal of albumin which had been used as an excipient in a radio-isotopic preparation prepared by Amersham International for undertaking lung scans.

It is always difficult with hindsight to remember what you did and why you did it at a particular moment in time, so this document actually summarises what the current state-of-the-art is and, based on the current science and knowledge that is available this is the advice that we are currently giving. Obviously, if any further information comes to light with regard to new variant CJD, this position may have to change.

However, I thought you would appreciate a copy of this, which I have now dissemniated to yourself, Scotland and Wales.

Happy New Year.

Yours sincerely

GRO-C

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## **Position Statement:**

on "the nature of advice to be given to patients who have been treated with plasma products manufactured from a plasma pool which includes plasma from a donor suffering from nvCJD"

#### SCOPE

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Too little is known about nvCID to allow a position to be defined which can be assumed to be indefinitely valid. The position outlined is defensible in the context of the stated premises. In the event that one or more of these premises is disproved or modified, the position must be assumed to be invalid (or, at best, unreliable pending urgent review).

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#### PREMISES

- There is no evidence that nvCD has ever been transmitted by blood or blood products.
- 2.2 There is no available test to determine whether a given batch of product contains the infective agent for nvCJD.
- 2.3 There is no available test for pre-clinical infection with nvCJD.
- 2.4 There is no available prophylaxis against the development of clinical nvCID.
- 2.5 There is no available treatment for clinical nvCJD.

#### POSITION

In the event that post-donation advice indicates that an individual subsequently identified as suffering from nvCJD has contributed to a plasma pool:

- 3.1 derived products should be withdrawn in accordance with current BPL procedures and in consultation with MCA;
- 3.2 no attempt should be made to advise individual recipients that they may have been treated with product from an affected batch;
- 3.3 this position, and its basis, should be explained to consignees as part of the withdrawal action;
- 3.4 consignees seeking advice on patient follow-up should be reminded that:
  - 3.4.1 a confidential permanent record of any human recipients, date of transfusion event, product and batch number of material transfused needs to be kept for future reference if necessary:
  - 3.4.2 for any patient transfused/treated with blood, blood components or plasma products (including albumin, immunoglobulins, vaccines, coagulation factor concentrates), record in the patient's medical record (i) the product, (ii) date given, (iii) unit/batch number.

## **BASIS FOR THE POSITION**

- 4.1 The Lothian Ethics Committee, which reviewed the ethical basis of decision making in respect of the follow-up study being undertaken by the national CJD Surveillance Unit, determined that no attempt should be made to trace recipients, or to tell them they had received CJD-implicated donations.
- 4.2 The Ethics Committee was subsequently asked to advise on policy in respect of recipients of fractionated products from pooled plasma containing an nvCJD donor, and reiterated its earlier advice.
- 4.3 It is possible that the very act of advising a recipient in these circumstances would itself be construed as an injury, given the mental suffering that would undoubtedly result and given the probable impact on the recipient's status with respect to life/healthcare insurance.

### COROLLARY

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It follows from the above that there is no basis for assuming that individuals infreceipt of therapeutic material from an implicated batch of plasma product should be considered to be in an "at risk" category with respect to blood donation, provided in all other respects they meet our current donor selection criteria.

### REVIEW

This position will be reviewed at least annually by the National Medical Director of the NBA, and on any other occasion if the underlying premises change.

Confidential to National Blood Service File reference F:\USERS\21023\DATA\CJD97029.DOC Page 1 of 1 Revision 1.0 [December 16, 1997]

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